

FIDELITY IMPLEMENTATION CHECKLIST

Instructional coaches, literacy leaders, and administrators all perform a multitude of roles and often seamlessly toggle between being a leader, mentor, partner, data manager, and coach. Their time spent with teachers building capacity is the linchpin for increasing teacher performance along with maximizing student growth and success. The In Tandem Fidelity Implementation Checklist was created to align with the In Tandem framework to provide a communication bridge between teachers, coaches, and administrators. The checklist provides common language and supports the implementation of each step in the In Tandem framework.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COACHES

The most effective coaches establish positive relationships with teachers and offer support in goal setting, planning, observation, and reflecting. This is known as a coaching cycle and is a flexible framework for organizing the collaborative partnership between a coach and a teacher. The Fidelity Implementation Checklist provides support for an inclusive and impactful coaching cycle at each point before, during, and after an In Tandem lesson.

When meeting with teachers **before** a lesson observation or coach-led demonstration of a lesson, coaches can use the Fidelity Implementation Checklist to lay a foundation for communication between the teacher and coach. Often new teachers, teachers new to a grade level, or interventionists who teach across grade levels can be overwhelmed with the instructional demands of providing small-group lessons for various groups. The breakdown of steps in the In Tandem framework allows for a laser-focused approach to coaching. Coaches and teachers can zoom in on a part (step) of the lesson to create a "starting place" to guide teachers to determine their focus. The coach and the teacher can set goals and together plan for a lesson. By isolating a portion of the lesson, novice teachers build confidence in one area before moving on to another step in the framework. This incremental growth will have a lasting impact on their teaching practice and in turn have a positive impact on student growth. When working with veteran teachers, the checklist allows for a bird's-eye view of the entire lesson framework. We encourage teachers to scan the checklist to determine which step/part(s) they would like to polish. Having open conversations and using common language during a pre-conference maximizes a teacher's practice and positively impacts student achievement.

Next, the checklist is used **during** an In Tandem lesson in the classroom. Depending on the comfort level of the teacher, the coach can either demonstrate or observe the lesson. Coaches and/or teachers use the predetermined section on the checklist. If the coach is in the role of the teacher, they can use a coaching move such as a voice-over to spotlight the planned section of the lesson and provide clarity during the coach's demonstration. If the teacher is teaching, the coach can take anecdotal notes on the checklist. We recommend the coach directs their attention not only to the teacher but also to how the students respond to the instruction. When observing a veteran teacher, the coach completes all sections of the checklist.

After the lesson, the coach should schedule a time with the teacher to debrief. At the debriefing meeting, the coach facilitates a reflective conversation, asking the teacher how they felt the lesson went, how students responded to the lesson, and what parts they feel they may need some coaching on. Coaches can use the checklist to guide the conversation and plan for next steps. Precision and comfort with the expectations and procedures of the lesson framework frees cognitive space and in turn allows for more responsive teaching. The Fidelity Implementation Checklist provides support for coaches and teachers alike, helping to connect them with common language and a common goal: the acceleration of literacy learning and love of reading.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ADMINISTRATORS

The Fidelity Implementation Checklist provides a tool for administrators to use during an informal classroom walk-through. It's important for administrators to communicate with teachers that informal walk-through observations are not intended to be punitive, judgmental, or evaluative. Rather, they are opportunities for an administrator to directly coach and support teachers.

The Fidelity Implementation Checklist orients administrators to the different steps in the In Tandem lesson framework. By completing a checklist during an informal walk-through observation, the administrator and teacher will have common ground to hold a post-observation conversation. These conversations are grounded in the practice and therefore become the foundation of positive communication. By using the same form as the instructional coach, there is a continuity of support provided to teachers. Administrators can simply place a check mark in the sections they observe as evident during the period of time they were present. The entire checklist does not have to be completed, but instead the administrator may observe a portion of the lesson and just check the steps they observe. Likewise, the checklist can be used for a more formal comprehensive observation of an entire lesson; in this case, the entire checklist would be used. After the observation session, administrators can meet with instructional coaches to share trends observed, best practices, and opportunities for additional coaching cycles.



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Logistics	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
Group consists of 3–6 students.				
Small-group table is clear of clutter unrelated to lesson.				
Process and procedures for small-group time are clear.				
All steps (1–4) of the lesson were completed.				
The total lesson time ranges between 20–25 minutes.				

DAYS 1-4					
Step 1 (Days 1 and 3): Learning Letters and Fostering Phonemic Awareness 1–2 Minutes	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes	
At least ONE of the following activities is present (check one). Teacher is correctly facilitating the activity. It is clear students are familiar with and comfortable utilizing processes and procedures for the activity.					
☐ Identifying Sounds and Letters					
□ Bella and Rosie Letter Book					
☐ Letter Formation ☐ Thumbs Up, Thumbs Down					
☐ Sorting Letters					
☐ Blending					
☐ Segmenting					
☐ Adding/Deleting					
☐ Substituting					

Step 1 (Days 2 and 4): Reading Words 1–2 Minutes	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
Teacher is correctly facilitating the following activities. It is clear students are familiar with and comfortable utilizing processes and procedures for the activity. Read and Write Sight Words Read Decodable Words				
Step 2: Developing Phonics Skills 3–5 Minutes	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
At least ONE of the following activities is present (check one). Teacher is correctly facilitating the phonics activity. It is clear students are familiar with and comfortable utilizing processes and procedures for the activity. Making Words Sound Boxes Emergent Breaking Words Breaking Words Writing Words Analogy Chart Breaking Big Words Make a Big Word Reading and Writing Words Advanced Breaking Big Words Write a Big Word				
Step 3: Reading Books 6–9 Minutes	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
For Day 1, teacher maps the new sight word prior to facilitating the book introduction.				
A brief book introduction is provided.				
Students are on task and reading independently.				
Teacher is checking in with each student and providing differentiated corrective feedback.				
Teacher is facilitating the discussion as indicated on the lesson card.				
Teacher is facilitating an appropriate teaching point as indicated on the lesson card and/or by the needs of the small group.				

Step 4: Building Writing Skills 6-9 Minutes	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
Student materials are present and effectively utilized.				
Teacher is correctly facilitating sound box activity or dictated sentence(s).				
Teacher is using sound boxes as needed to assist students as they write.				
Teacher and students plan to write together.				
Students are using the plan to assist them as they write independently.				
Teacher is providing support and differentiated corrective feedback to students as they are writing.				
Teacher provides a writing teaching point.				
Students are held accountable for correct spelling if words include past or present phonics skills/sight words.				

DAY 5					
Step 1: Partner Read	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes	
Students are appropriately engaged in reading books with a partner from the current and/or previous lessons.					
Teacher is monitoring and encouraging appropriate listening skills or assessing decoding skills one-on-one with students.					
Step 2: Assess Decoding	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes	
Students are appropriately engaged in reading books with a partner from the current and/or previous lessons.					
Teacher is assessing decoding skills one-on-one by pointing to words in the Phonics Storybook that contain the phonic element.					
Teacher is using the Assessment Recording Form to record responses.					

Step 3: Assess Reading Strategies	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	Notes
Students are appropriately engaged in reading books with a partner from the current and/or previous lessons.				
Teacher is listening to students read one-on-one and using the Assessment Recording Form to take notes or a short running record to note each student's errors and self-corrections.				
Step 4: Assess Encoding/Spelling	Evident	Work in Progress	Not Observed	
Teacher dictates words containing the target phonic element and/or sight words.				
Students write the dictated words in their activity books.				