

## How to Facilitate Effective Discussions

Teaching students how to respectfully and effectively communicate about their thinking promotes a positive, student-centered learning environment. Understanding how to listen and respond to a partner and/or others within a group about academic thinking will enhance overall comprehension and critical thinking skills. This chart is a resource to support academic conversations during the Book Discussion portions of the In Tandem lessons.

|                             | Teach and Model   | Practice  |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Active Listening            | Listening to another talk     Taking turns without interrupting   | <ul> <li>Have students practice:</li> <li>Asking and answering the question in a clear and audible voice.</li> <li>Sitting quietly while their partner responds.</li> <li>Responding to the question in a complete sentence.</li> <li>Looking at their partner when they are speaking.</li> </ul> |
| Asking Questions            | <ul> <li>Identifying when you don't understand something</li> <li>Identifying when you are curious to know more</li> <li>Identifying when you need clarification to understand</li> </ul> | Have students practice using a sentence starter:  • Can you tell me more about?  • That makes me wonder  • I am confused about  |
| Responding to<br>Thinking   | <ul> <li>Agreeing with someone's thinking</li> <li>Disagreeing with someone's thinking</li> <li>Adding on to someone's thinking</li> </ul>  | Have students practice using a sentence starter:  • I agree because  • I disagree because  • I would like to add that   |
| Explaining Your<br>Thinking | <ul><li> Using evidence to support<br/>your thinking</li><li> Adding on to your thinking</li></ul>  | Have students practice using a sentence starter:  • I think because  • I also think   |

Hand signals are an effective way to encourage all students to participate and respond during discussions. We recommend teaching and incorporating hand signals and/or gestures to enhance the strategies above during discussions. For example, students can put their thumbs up if they agree or their thumbs down if they disagree with another student.