

How to Facilitate Effective Discussions

Teaching students how to respectfully and effectively communicate about their thinking promotes a positive, student-centered learning environment. Understanding how to listen and respond to a partner and/or others within a group about academic thinking will enhance overall comprehension and critical thinking skills. This chart is a resource to support academic conversations during the Book Discussion portions of the Phonics Launch lessons.

| | Teach and Model | Practice |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Active Listening | Listening to another talk Taking turns without interrupting | Have students practice: Asking and answering the question in a clear and audible voice. Sitting quietly while their partner responds. Responding to the question in a complete sentence. Looking at their partner when they are speaking. |
| Asking Questions | Identifying when you don't understand something Identifying when you are curious to know more Identifying when you need clarification to understand | Have students practice using a sentence starter: • Can you tell me more about? • That makes me wonder • I am confused about |
| Responding to Thinking | Agreeing with someone's thinking Disagreeing with someone's thinking Adding on to someone's thinking | Have students practice using a sentence starter: • I agree because • I disagree because • I would like to add that |
| Explaining Your Thinking | Using evidence to support your thinking Adding on to your thinking | Have students practice using a sentence starter: • I think because • I also think |

Hand signals are an effective way to encourage all students to participate and respond during discussions. We recommend teaching and incorporating hand signals and/or gestures to enhance the strategies above during discussions. For example, students can put their thumbs up if they agree or their thumbs down if they disagree with another student.